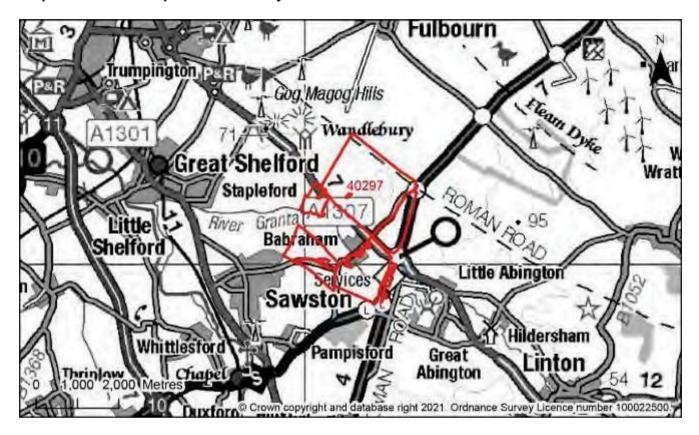
Land adjacent to Babraham, CB22 3AF, CB22 3AP, CB22 3AG, CB22 3AZ

Site Reference: 40297

Map 65: Site description - Land adjacent to Babraham



Site Details

Criteria	Response
Site area (hectares)	613.62
Parish or Ward	Babraham CP; Little Abington CP;
	Pampisford CP
Greenfield or previously developed land	Greenfield
Category of site	Integrating homes and jobs - Southern
	cluster / New Settlement
Category of settlement	Within or adjacent to Rural Centre
Current or last use	Agricultural land/building, Residential,
	Commercial/industrial
Proposed development	Mixed Use, Market and affordable housing,
	Key worker housing, Older persons housing,
	Residential care home, Office, Research and

	Development, Research and Development, Research and Development, Research and Development, Research and Development, Education, Public open space, Community facilities
Proposed employment floorspace (m²)	23225
Proposed housing units	3500

Site Assessment Summary

Criteria	Outcome
Suitable	Red
Available	Green
Achievable	Green

Site Assessment

<u>Suitable</u> (Outcome = Red)

Issue	Assessment	Comments	Landowner's Response
Adopted Development Plan Policies	Amber	Outside Development Framework Within or Partially within Site Specific Policies/Housing, Employment or Recreation allocation Wholly within the Cambridge Greenbelt Within or partially within Mineral and Waste Consultation Area	We consider that 'exceptional circumstances' can be demonstrated to justify removal of the site from the Green Belt. This is supported by the proposed CSET hub and busway to be constructed on the site. The quantum and location of development could be informed by a site specific policy. This would guide the amount and type of development at the site and would ensure that areas of public open space an education facilities could be fixed. It would not be necessary to include areas of public open space within the defined Development Framework and such areas could still be classed as Green Belt land as such uses would

	not be 'inappropriate'. It should be noted that whilst the total site is 613 hectares in
	size, only circa 170 hectares is proposed to be removed from the Green Belt with the remaining land to be enhanced.
	C .

Flood Risk	Amber	Flood zone: Partly in	The majority of the site is
		Flood Zono 2 (5%)	located within Flood Zone 1 (low probability) with areas of
		Flood Zone 2 (5%)	Flood Zones 2 (medium
		Partly in Flood Zone	probability) and 3b
		2 (20/)	(functional floodplain) which
		3 (3%)	are associated with the watercourse corridor of the
		Surface water flooding: 2% lies	River Granta. The risk of
		in a 1 in 1000 year event	flooding from all other
			sources (surface water, reservoirs, and groundwater)
			is considered to be either
			'low' or'very low'.
			No development would occur
			within the floodplain of the River
			Granta thereby allowing preservation of flow routes and
			flood storage and providing
			social and environmental
			benefits. A sustainable drainage management strategy
			would accommodate surface
			water runoff from the proposed development, ensuring that the
			development does not increase
			flood risk elsewhere.
			The surface water strategy
			would include open swales/rills,
			attenuation basins, ponds, wetlands, infiltration SuDS,
			porous paving, bio-retention
			areas, green roofs, and rainwater harvesting. Beds,
			Cambs and Northants Wildlife
			Trust are working with the landowners on river restoration
			and features are now being
			implemented.

Landscapeand Townscape

Red

TPO on-site

National Character The East Anglian Chalk National Characterthe constraints and opportunities Area (NCA87) is characterised by the narrow continuation of the chalk ridge that runs southwest-north-east across southern England, This area is a visually simple and uninterrupted landscape of smooth, rolling chalkland hills with large regular fields enclosed by low hawthorn hedges, with few trees, straight roads and expansive views to the amalgamation of and north.

Local Character at local level the site is situated within The Chalklandsas assessed by SCDC within District Design Guide SPD March 2010. This character area is a broad scale landscape of large fields, low trimmed hedgerows and few trees. Certain high points have small beech copses which form strong focal points, and there are occasional shelterbelts around settlements. By way of contrast, the eastern part of the area is cut qualities, such as the pattern of through by the valleys of the rivers Granta and Rhee, which have an intimate character of small grazing meadow and wet woodlands, with lines of willows along the rivers. Somehistoric parkland within these valleys also adds to their distinctive character. Both small and large villages generally have a strong historic, linear form, though extensive modern estate developments have occurred in some villages close to Cambridge. The villageedges are to a high quality development of varied, typically abutted by a mix which they can be proud. Our of open fields, woodland, or smaller fields. Long back gardens to seek to ensure that the also helpto form a transition to the surrounding countryside.

The masterplan has evolved since the 'call for sites' process in 2019 and takes into account at the site. The provision of significant areas of open spaces. including to the south-west of the site, adjacent to Sawston and to the east of Babraham, means that the built form of the development has been reduced. This means that the setting of these settlements is preserved and there is no riskof encroachment upon neighbouring settlements. The design evolution process assessed land to the east of Babraham and the character and setting of the conservation area and associated listed buildings. This process has seen the introduction of a corridor of open space in this area and creation of a green space within this sensitive area.

The proposal aims to replicate some of the characteristic local nucleated villages. The proposal is located on the lower river valley, avoiding competition with the distinctive landmarks and features on the surrounding more elevated landscape. The development presents an opportunity for the Granta River Chalk stream to undergo river channel restoration and enhancement to improve habitats and biodiversity.

It is our landowners commitment masterplanners were instructed proposals would minimize any impact on the landscape and enhance the landscape where possible. We have not appointed Landscape Character Assessment (2021) Landscape Character Area - 9d Granta river Valley

a developer to promote the site as the landowners wish to retain control to ensure that a high quality development is delivered.

The site wraps around the village of Babraham and adjoins the development framework of Sawston. Long distant, local and amenity views are significant. A large- scale development would havea permanent significant adverse impact upon the local and wider landscape and settlement character, views and visual amenity. Development would be an encroachment into the ruralcountryside and an amalgamation of villages Babraham and Sawston.

Biodiversity and Geodiversity **Amber**

Within 200m of a SSSI

Within a Wildlife Site Northeast parcel (Chalkhill Farm) - lies adjacent to the Worsted Lodge Protected Roadside Verge which supports at least 6 calcareous indicator species. The site is approximately 200m from the Roman Road SSSI; Natural England will require assessment of increased visitor pressure among other impacts. The site contains deciduous woodland, a large reservoir, and may contain other priority habitats such as calcareous grassland given the underlying geology.

Southern parcel (Bourne Bridge Cottages) – The site crosses the River Granta CWS, cited for not being over modified and concentrations of mature pollard willows. Natural England will require assessment of increased visitor pressure on nearby SSSI. The site contains deciduous woodland and floodplain grazing marsh priority habitats.

Western Parcel (Church Farm) -Natural England will require consultation for any development over 100 dwellings, industrial developments over 0.1 ha, and will require assessment of increased visitor pressure on nearby SSSI for all new residential development. Other ecological constraints are likely to be limited to field boundaries. DW Development of the site may have a detrimental impact on a designated site, or those with a regional or local protection but the impact could be reasonably mitigated or compensated.

A Preliminary Ecological
Assessment has been
undertaken for the site and this
has informed the evolution of
the masterplan and the vision
document. The strategy for the
site includes retention of
existing ecological features at
the site wherever possible,
including existing hedges and
woodland which will be
enhanced with native
planting and maintained for
nature conservation purposes.

Ecological enhancements should also be viewed in tandem with the drainage strategy. This includes the opportunity to create a strong 'blue' corridor along the River Granta and the proposed SuDS features which would provide enhanced habitats. The river also provides the opportunity to offer a pedestrian trail linking people to the river. Likewise, the proposed country park will include nature routes and provide opportunities to enhance biodiversity and provide habitat enhancement.

A high-level biodiversity net gain assessment has been undertaken, based on the masterplan. This broad assessment demonstrates that an overall net gain of 882.31 habitat areaunits could be achieved. This is equivalent to a biodiversity net gain of +53.08% which is in excess of the proposed minimum 20% net gain in the Plan.

Facility Within 50m of Informal Open Space Site is not on protected open space designation. Any impact of the proposed development could be reasonably mitigated or compensated. The proposed development would deliver a wide range of open space, green infrastructure and formal sportspitches. Open space and green infrastructure would be considerably enhanced as a result of the proposed development. Within a Conservation Area Development on some parts of this site would cause higher level harm which would be difficult or impossible to mitigate: 1 -the long barrow, setting of the bowl barrow and the Roman Road; 2 - close proximity to the (listed) George Public House, outbuildings, farm houses, and Brick Row on south side of High St. Site boundary seems to go through a listed building here. Radical impact on setting of individual listed buildings and the conservation area. 3 – setting of leehouse. Impact would vary hugely depending on location, layout, scale and design of proposed	T		
Historic Environment Listed Asset on-site Scheduled Monument on-site Within a Conservation Area Development on some parts of this site would cause higher level harm which would be difficult or impossible to mitigate: 1 -the long barrow, setting of the bowl barrow and the Roman Road; 2 - close proximity to the (listed) George Public House, outbuildings, farm houses, and Brick Row on south side of High St. Site boundary seems to go through a listed building here. Radical impact on setting of individual listed buildings and the conservation area. 3 – setting of Icehouse. Impact would vary hugely depending on location, layout, scale and design of proposed development. A site sensitivity plan has been prepared for the masterplan, which provides a guide for the approach to the location of zones of development. This takes into account the identificance and setting of individual listed buildings and the conservation area. 3 – setting of the various built heritage assets. The masterplanning exercise will evolve to ensure impacts on built heritage assets are mitigated or removed	Green	Open Space Site is not on protected open space designation. Any impact of the proposed development could be reasonably mitigated	concludes that the site is not on protected open space designation. Any impact of the proposed development could be reasonably mitigated or compensated. The proposed development would deliver a wide range of open space, green infrastructure and formal sportspitches. Open space and green infrastructure would be considerably enhanced as
Scheduled Monument on-site Within a Conservation Area Development on some parts of this site would cause higher level harm which would be difficult or impossible to mitigate: 1 -the long barrow, setting of the bowl barrow and the Roman Road; 2 - close proximity to the (listed) George Public House, outbuildings, farm houses, and Brick Row on south side of High St. Site boundary seems to go through a listed building here. Radical impact on setting of individual listed buildings and the conservation area. 3 – setting of Icehouse. Impact would vary hugely depending on location, layout, scale and design of proposed development. Scheduled Monument on-site Within a Conservation of a purpoids a guide for the approach to the location of zones of development. This takes into account the significance and setting of the identified built heritage assets as well as views in, out and across them. As a result of the assessment of the site, parameters have been set out from which the design team has developed a design response within the site masterplan. This takes account of the site, parameters have been set out from which the design team has developed a design response within the site masterplan. This takes account of the site, parameters have been set out from which the design team has developed a design response within the site masterplan. This takes into account the significance and setting of the identified built heritage assets as well as views in, out and across them. As a result of the assessment of the site, parameters have been set out from which the design team has developed a design response within the site masterplan. This takes into account the significance and setting of the identified built heritage assets as well as views in, out and across them. As a result of the assessment of the site, parameters have been set out from which the design team has developed a design response within the site masterplan. This takes into account it he identified built heritage assets are makes to the setting of the various bui			
Limpacte will be minimal and	Amber	Scheduled Monument on-site Within a Conservation Area Development on some parts of this site would cause higher level harm which would be difficult or impossible to mitigate: 1 -the long barrow, setting of the bowl barrow and the Roman Road; 2 - close proximity to the (listed) George Public House, outbuildings, farm houses, and Brick Row on south side of High St. Site boundary seems to go through a listed building here. Radical impact on setting of individual listed buildings and the conservation area. 3 – setting of Icehouse. Impact would vary hugely depending on location, layout, scale and design of proposed	prepared for the masterplan, which provides a guide for the approach to the location of zones of development. This takes into account the significance and setting of the identified built heritage assets as well as views in, out and across them. As a result of the assessment of the site, parameters have been set out from which the design team has developed a design response within the site masterplan. This takes account of the contribution which the site makes to the setting of the various built heritage assets. The masterplanning exercise will evolve to ensure impacts on built heritage assets are mitigated or removed altogether and these impacts are likely to be at the level of "less than substantial" harm in terms of the policies of the National Planning Policy Framework. The Scheduled Long Barrow and Ice House are located on land envisioned for use as a country park. Development

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			thus the council's assessment is misleading. We have indicated that this land has been dedicated to heritage in our Vision Document.
Archaeology	Red	prehistoric date recorded within and in close proximity. Area includes a Scheduled Long Barrow and associated enclosure.	Whilst there are clear constraints and opportunities associated with built heritage and archaeology, the masterplan has evolved to account for the constraints and to ensure they can be turned into opportunities. We consider that any policy wording associated with an allocation at the site could limit development in certain locations to ensure that development would preserve and enhance the built heritage and archaeology of the area. The Scheduled Long Barrow and associated enclosure will not be disturbed thus the council's assessment is misleading. We have indicated that this land has been dedicated to heritage in our Vision Document.

Accessibility to Services and Facilities	Green	Distance to Primary School: Less than or Equal to 450m Distance to Secondary School:	The southern cluster is favoured as an area for significant
Facilities		Greater than 900m and Less	expansion for employment and
		than or Equal to 2,000m	dwellings. The proposed
		Distance to Healthcare Service:	transport hub and CSET
		Greater than 2,000m	scheme Cambridge makes this
		Distance to City, District or Rural	0
		Centre: Greater than 2,000m	accessible location which is
		Distance to Local,	appropriate fornew jobs and
		Neighbourhood or Minor Rural	homes. Draft allocation S/BRC
		Centre: Greater than 2,000m	will result in additional jobs
		Distance to Employment	being deliveredadjacent to
		Opportunities: Less than or	Babraham and co-locating
		Equal to 1,800m Distance to	homes and jobs nearby is an
		Public Transport:Less than or	appropriate strategy.
		Equal to 450m Distance to	
		Rapid Public Transport: Greater than 1,800m Distance to	
		proposed Rapid Public	
		Transport: Less than or Equal to	
		1,800m Distance to Cycle	
		Network: Lessthan or Equal to	
		800m Good accessibility to key	
		localservices, transport, and	
		employment opportunities	
		Proposed development would	
		require accompanying primary	
		school, secondary school, local	
		centre / employment provision	
		and community centre	
		,	
Site Access	Amber	The proposed site is acceptablein	
		ļ' '	acceptable and with relevant
		'	mitigation measures, would not
		l '	have any significant adverse
		1	impacts on the local and
			strategic highwaysnetwork.
			Whilst such matters would be
			developed as part of the wording
			of any draft allocation at the site
			and/or through a planning
			والمراك والمساول والمسأو والبراز والموالو والسوو
			application, we consider that this
			matter couldreasonably be
			· ·

Transport and	Ambor	The site will have to consider its	The Transport Assessment
Transport and Roads	Amber	A505. The proposals will need to consider the conclusions of the ongoing transport study for the A505 corridor. The GCP Linton Greenway proposals aim to improve sustainable links alongthe A1307; this will have to be considered and contributions will be expected. The development will have to consider the	The Transport Assessment would provide a detailed technical assessment of the impact of the site on the operation of local transport networks, including the road network, along with appropriate mitigation. The traffic impacts of the site are likely to be significantly reduced by the proximity of the CSET scheme and the Transport Assessment will take this into account.
Noise, Vibration, Odour and Light Pollution	Amber	The proposed site will be affected by road traffic noise from nearby main roads but is acceptable in principle subject to appropriate detailed design considerations and mitigation.	We consider that these matterscan be addressed at the planning application stage and through conditions and we consider that this category can effectively be assessed as 'green'.
Air Quality	Amber	Large site and lots of residential units - potential for AQMA traffic impact without mitigation	We do not consider that development at the site would have any adverse impacts on air quality either in itself or cumulatively. The site is not located in an AQMA and there is no reason that it would have any adverse impact on the Cambridge or A14 corridor AQMAs – which are the nearest designations.
Contamination and Ground Stability	Amber	Previous agricultural land use. Potential for historic contamination, conditions required.	There is unlikely to be significant contamination at the site as it comprises arable land.

Further constraints

Issue	Assessment	Comments	Landowner's Response
Constraints to development	-	Agricultural Land Classification: 67%Grade 2; 33% Grade 3 12% lies in an EA Source ProtectionZone 1; 100% lies in an EA Source Protection Zone 2; 100% lies in an EA Source Protection Zone 3 Gas pipeline crosses or is within thesite. Radio masts on site Watercourse crosses the site Public Right of Way is on or crossesthe site	All of these site constraints have been identified and will be taken account of in themasterplan.
Strategic Highways Impact	Amber	Within Highways England Zone 6 -A11/M11 Capacity for growth with mitigationto local road network	The Transport Assessment would provide a detailed technical assessment of the impact of the site on the operation of local transport networks, including the road network, along with appropriate mitigation. The traffic impacts of thesite are likely to be significantly reduced by the proximity of the CSET scheme and the Transport Assessment will take this into account.
Employment	-		The site is located in the 'southern cluster' which isa clear preferred area for jobs and new dwellings. The site will also seek to deliver an additional phase of expansion to Babraham Research Campus in the longer term. There are clear benefits to the proposed development which

			should be regarded as
			'exceptional
			circumstances'. These
			include the need for
			additional jobs and
			dwellings over and above
			those identified in the
			Plan. This means that the
			Council needs to find
			more sites for such
			development. We consider that the provision
			of jobs and dwellings
			(including at least 40%
			affordable housing and
			specialist housing) in a
			sustainable location and
			adjacent to an existing
			source of employment
			provides 'exceptional
			circumstances [;] for Green
			Belt release. The
			proposed development
			would support the national
			and internationally
			acclaimed status of the
			Babraham Research
			Campus and other
			science parks in the
			southern cluster. It would
			also fit neatly with the
			development strategy for the Plan and in particular
			the proximity of frequent
			and accessible modes of
			sustainable transport.
Green Belt –	-	Parcel ID: SA2; SA1; BA4; BA6; BA5;	The site is located in the
Assessment		BA3; BA8; BA1; BA7; OA5; OA6; AB1	
of Harm of			is a clear preferred area
Green Belt		Very High; High; Moderate High;	for jobs and new
Release		Moderate; Low	dwellings. The site will
11010400			also seek to deliver an
			additional phase of
			expansion to Babraham
			Research Campus in the
			longer term. There are
			clear benefits to the
			proposed development
			which should be
			regarded as 'exceptional circumstances'. These
		403	include the need for

additional jobs and
dwellings over and above
those identified in the
Plan. This means that
the Council needs to find
more sites for such
development. We
consider that the
provision of jobs and
dwellings (including at
least 40% affordable
housing and specialist
housing) in a sustainable
location and adjacent to
an existing source of
employment provides
'exceptional
circumstances' for Green
Belt release. The
proposed development
would support the
national and
internationally acclaimed
status of the Babraham
Research Campus and
other science parks in
the southern cluster. It
would also fit neatly with
the development strategy
for the Plan and in
particular the proximity of
frequent and accessible
modes of sustainable
transport.

<u>Available</u> (Outcome = Green)

Question	Response
Is the site controlled by a developer or landowner who has expressed an intention to develop?	The site was submitted by the landowner and/or site promoter who has confirmed that the site is available for development in the timescales indicated.
Are there known legal or ownership impediments to development?	No
Is there planning permission to develop the site?	No relevant recent planning history
When will the site be available for development?	0-5 Years

Achievable (Outcome = Green)

Question	Response
Is there a reasonable prospect that the site will be developed?	The land has been promoted by the landowner and or developer and is known to be available for development. The site has a low existing use value and mixed-use development is likely to be economically viable at an appropriate density.

Development Poten

Capacity and Delivery	Response
Estimated dwellings per hectare	6
Estimated dwelling units	3500
Estimated employment space (m²)	23225
Estimated start date	0-5 Years
Estimated annual build-out rate (pa)	225-230
Development completion timescales (years)	11-15 Years