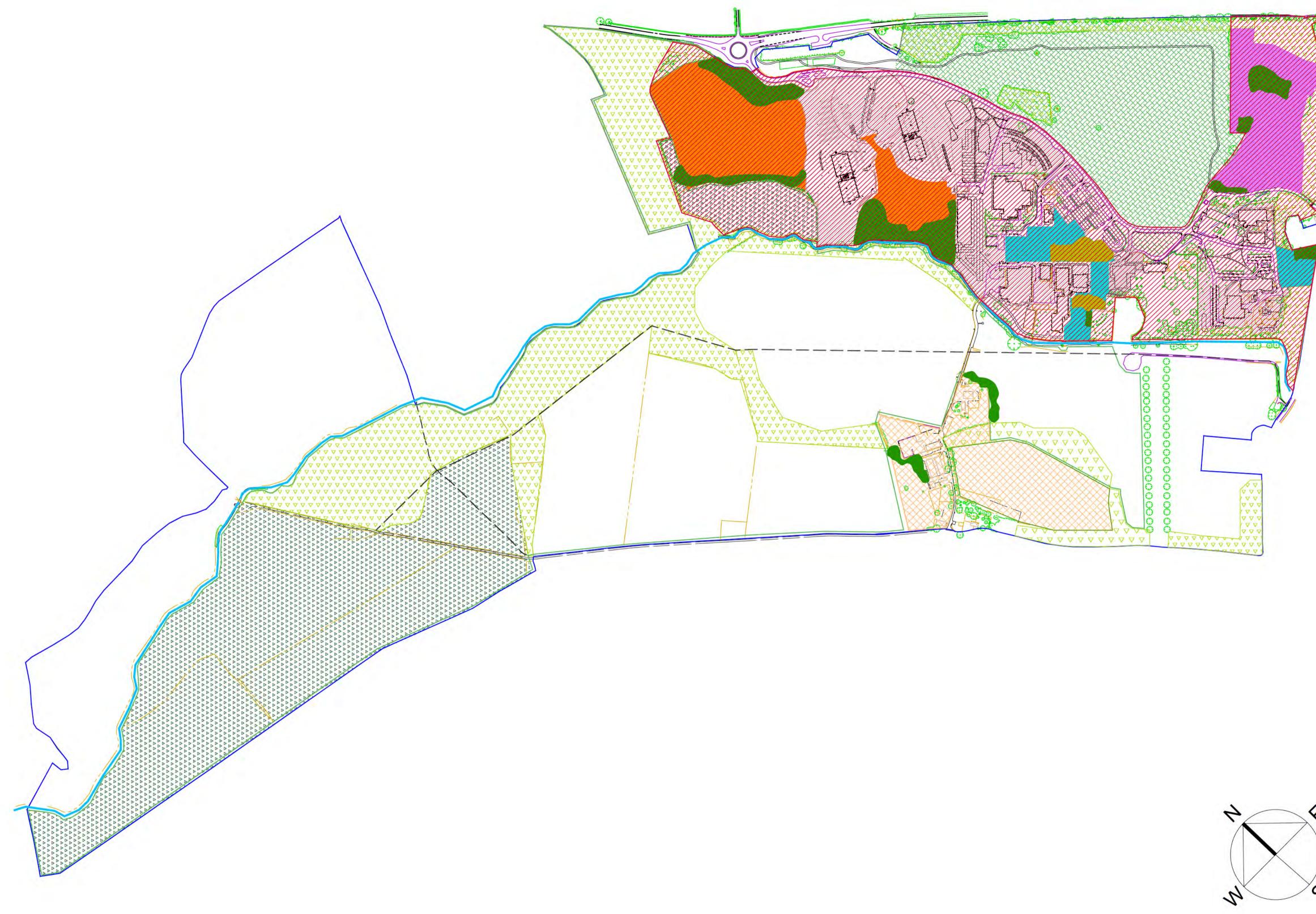


BABRAHAM RESEARCH CAMPUS FIRST PROPOSALS CONSULTATION (REGULATION 18) – DEC 2021 PLANNING REPRESENTATIONS APPENDIX 4 : LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL APPRAISAL AND GREEN BELT STUDY

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APPENDIX 3 VISUAL ASSESSMENT





Legend

_____ Site Boundary

-Com- Distance From Site

A Proposed Development Areas

Zone of Theoretical Visibility

Extent of theoretical visibility

ZTV Parameters

Zone of Theoretical Visibility is generated using 'OS Terrain 5' (digital terrain data at 5 m resolution), assuming the following heights:

Building heights: 6.4m - 17.33m AOD
 Viewer height: 2m

Notable woodland areas and buildings were mapped as visual barriers using OS VectorMap District data (woodland was given an assumed height of 10m, buildings were given an assumed height of 8m).

The ZTV identifies those areas from which the development may be theoretically visible. Due to the frequency of hedgerows, walls, iow-level vegetation and structures not included in the model the actual visibility is likely to be significantly less extensive then the drawing indicates

Rev

Detail

GENERAL Do not scale from this drawing. All dimensions to be checked on site This plan is to be read with all accompanying documentation. © Bidwells 2020

Urban Design BIDWELLS Bidwell House. Trumpangton Road, Cambridge CE2 9LD

BABRAHAM

ZONE OF THEORETICAL VISIBILITY

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VIEWPOINT 1 - E2 EUROPEAN LONG DISTANCE ROUTE (ROMAN ROAD)

Planar Image - Printing Size 390 x 260 mm @A3 - Presented Field of View (H x V) 39.6 ° x 27° - To be viewed at comfortably arm's length



EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	This viewpoint represents views experienced by ramblers on a popular and historically valued recreational route to the north of the Site, which is screened by intervening vegetation. Views on the PRoW are predominantly enclosed by the hedgerow and trees along the path. However, glimpses of the cross-valley views are available through the gaps, even in the summertime. Where available, the view is dominated by the rolling open landscape of the Green Belt. The fields are demarcated by hedges and the skyline appears largely wooded. The Babraham Research Campus is glimpsed in the distant background, and it is the only urban feature with the view. Visibility of the existing building is due to the opening in the tree belt along the A1307 that allows for the roundabout access to the Campus.		
	Value - The view, albeit partially obscured, represents the open Green Belt landscape and some distinctive features, namely woodland blocks and the wooded skyline. The value of the view is considered high.	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are engaging in a recreational activity that includes appreciation for the contextual landscape. Susceptibility to change is considered high.	
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW	hedgerows and the tree belt along the A1307. Duri	e largely screened by the intervening vegetation, particula ng winter the bare vegetation might allow for some glimps evel to the north of the Site, but these would be limited an stantially change the character of the view.	ses of the new buildings,



ewpoint Data

Visualisation Type 1 Planar Image Enlargement: 100% @ A3 Horizontal Field of View: 39.6° Grid coordinates: 0°12'30.02"E, 52° 9'21.54"N Elevation: 52m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: South Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 2,174m Weather: Overcast Date: 20.05.2021 Time: 9:28

Taken by: Martina Sechi





VIEWPOINT 2N - BRIDLEWAY 12/12 BABRAHAM INSTITUTE Cylindrical Panorama - Printing size 820 x 250 mm @ A1 - Presented Field of View (H x V) 90° x 27° - To be viewed at comfortably arm's length



VIEWPOINT 2E - BRIDLEWAY 12/12 BABRAHAM INSTITUTE Cylindrical Panorama - Printing size 820 x 250 mm @ A1 - Presented Field of View (H x V) 90° x 27° - To be viewed at comfortably arm's length



EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	This viewpoint represents views experienced by ramblers on a PRoW to the south-west of the Site, visible in the background. The view of the River Granta valley is divided between the agricultural character of the fields in the foreground, and the commercial character of the Babraham Research Campus visible in the background. The visible buildings are of large scale and diverse architectural character. Ancillary storage/agricultural buildings are located in the middle ground of the view and are characterised by a smaller scale and more rural character. Notwithstanding the urbanising influence of these buildings, the view has a verdant character, enclosed by the characteristic tree belts and wooded skyline.		re HIGH	
	Value - The view, albeit disrupted by the visible built form, represents the Green Belt landscape of the river valley and some distinctive features, namely woodland belt along the river and the wooded skyline. The value of the view is considered high.	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are engaging in a recreational activity that includes appreciation for the contextual landscape. Susceptibility to change is considered high.		
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW	glimpses of the new buildings are likely to be avai a densification of the built form and reduction of the		evelopment would result in ban extent of the Campus	



ewpoint Data

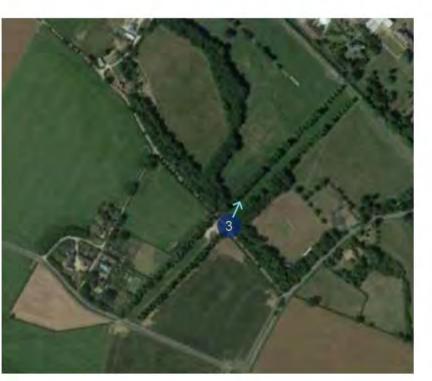
Visualisation Type 1 Planar Image Enlargement: 100% @ A3 Horizontal Field of View: 39.6° Grid coordinates: 0°11'44.40"E, 52° 7'56.84"N Elevation: 30m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: North-East Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 540m Weather: Overcast Date: 21.07.2021 Time: 11:03 Taken by: Martina Sechi





EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	This viewpoint represents the views experienced by ramblers on a PRoW to the south of the Site. The tree avenue associated with Babraham Hall's parkland is a prominent feature of the view, substantially limiting the field of view and screening most of the Babraham Research Campus and the Site, although glimpses of the commercial buildings would be available in winter. The Hall, framed by the avenue, is visible in the far background.		avenue associated with Babraham Hall's parkland is a prominent feature of the view, substantially limiting the field of view and screening most of the Babraham Research Campus and the Site, although glimpses of the commercial buildings would be available in winter.		HIGH
	Value - The view portrays an heritage assets and the associated historical landscape. The value is considered high.	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are engaging in a recreational activity that includes appreciation for the contextual landscape. Susceptibility to change is considered high .			
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW	The proposal is screened by intervening layers of vegetati during winter months, these would be visible within the co view is substantially retained and there would be no adver	ntext of the existing Babraham Research Campus build			

Taken by: Martina Sechi



Viewpoint Data

Visualisation Type 1 Cylindrical Panorama Enlargement: 96% @ A1 Horizontal Field of View: 90° Grid coordinates: 0°12'0.88"E, 52° 7'45.10"N Elevation: 33m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: North Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 671m Weather: Overcast Date: 20.05.2021 Time: 10:55





VIEWPOINT 4N - PUBLIC FOOTPATH 12/5 NORTH Cylindrical Panorama - Printing size 820 x 250 mm @ A1 - Presented Field of View (H x V) 90° x 27° - To be viewed at comfortably arm's length



VIEWPOINT 4E - PUBLIC FOOTPATH 12/5 NORTH Cylindrical Panorama - Printing size 820 x 250 mm @ A1 - Presented Field of View (H x V) 90° x 27° - To be viewed at comfortably arm's length



EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	This viewpoint represents the views of ramblers on a PRoW to the south-west. A thick tree belt provides screening to the Site and filter views of the buildings at Babraham Research Campus. However, glimpses of the buildings would be available during winter months. The vegetated background limits the field of view, enclosing the open agricultural field. The skyline is defined by the tree canopies.			screening to the Site and filter views of the buildings at Babraham Research Campus. However, glimpses of the buildings would be available during winter months. The vegetated background limits the field of view, enclosing the open agricultural field. The skyline is defined		HIGH
	Value - Despite the glimpses of the built form, the view is rather verdant and pleasing, representing the distinctive, intimate river landscape. The value is considered high.	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are engaging in a recreational activity that includes appreciation for the contextual landscape. Susceptibility to change is considered high .				
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW	The proposal would be largely screened by the intervening wooded skyline. The development proposed to the east of form. However, glimpses of the remaining proposals would densification of the urban character that would compromis Although the overall character of the view would be largely openness within the built form that would be evident during	the Site is most likely to be not visible due to intervenin I be available during winter months. Similarly to Viewpo e the existing gap between the buildings.	ng vegetation and built bint 2 there would be a			

Visualisation Type 1 Cylindrical Panorama Enlargement: 96% @ A1 Horizontal Field of View: 90° Grid coordinates: 0°11'57.85"E, 52° 8'5.91"N Elevation: 23m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: North-East Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 156m Weather: Overcast Date: 20.05.2021 Time: 11:08



Viewpoint Data

Taken by: Martina Sechi





VIEWPOINT 5S - SITE'S ACCESS ON CAMBRIDGE ROAD Cylindrical Panorama - Printing size 820 x 250 mm @ A1 - Presented Field of View (H x V) 90° x 27° - To be viewed at comfortably arm's length





EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	This viewpoint represents the views of road users from the main access into the Babraham Research Campus. To the south, although the landscape in the foreground consists of open grassland, the buildings readily intervene to limit the field of view and screen the Site. The road infrastructure and Campus access are prominent features, exerting an urbanising influence on what is otherwise a verdant view. The skyline is also split between the built form, with shallow arched rooftops and regularly replicated flues, and the woodland cover. On the other hand, to the west the view is currently very rural with the open grassland enclosed by the mature tree belt. In the foreground the more recent planting has not yet reached maturity allowing depth in the view across the field. The skyline, in this case, is consistently vegetated.		MEDIUM-LOW
	Value - While view lacks of statutory landscape designations, and its is not representative of the typical Green Belt openness tot he south, there are some distinctive elements to the north including the tree belt and discreet sense of openness. The overall value is considered medium.	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are road users that would not focus on the contextual landscape. Susceptibility to change is considered low .	
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW	To the south, the new built form will be visible, nested with character it will not increase the existing sense of enclosu However, receptors looking to the west will experience a form in a currently rural field. The skyline will loose its tre- albeit localise, Green Belt openness would be adversely of	are. The character of the view will largely remain unch substantial change in the view with proposed develop ed character and there would be an increased sense	anged with no adverse effect ment introducing new built

/isualisation Type 1 Cylindrical Panorama Enlargement: 96% @ A1 Horizontal Field of View: 90° Grid coordinates: 0°12'5.94"E, 52° 8'22.89"N Elevation: 33m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: South Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 321m Weather: Overcast Date: 20.05.2021 Time: 11:31 Taken by: Martina Sechi







	This viewpoint represents the views of ramblers on village edge, and Conservation Area, is defined by storage areas. The built form and backdrop of dens well as the Babraham Research Campus buildings wintertime.		
EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	Value - The view lacks of landscape designations or distinctive elements. The value is considered low.	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are engaging in a recreational activity that includes appreciation for the contextual landscape. Susceptibility to change is considered high.	MEDIUM
	residential uses to the south-east. The intervening beyond the tree belt) would provide substantial screen between the tree belt.	d the proposed development on the southern Site's bouvegetation and built form (including the Babraham Reseening of the main blocks, albeit flues could emerge over the south-west of the Site would be visible through the built be visible through the built be visible through the built built form (including the south-west of the Site would be visible through the built buil	earch Campus buildings er the treed skyline. In winter, it
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW	Notwithstanding the intrusion of the flues in the sky	vline, the overall rural character of the view will be prese	erved.

Viewpoint Data Visualisation Type 1 Planar Image Enlargement: 100% @ A3 Horizontal Field of View: 39.6° Grid coordinates: 0°12'41.08"E, 52° 7'40.04"N Elevation: 30m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: North-West Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 1,048m Weather: Overcast Date: 20.05.2021

Time: 12:06 Taken by: Martina Sechi



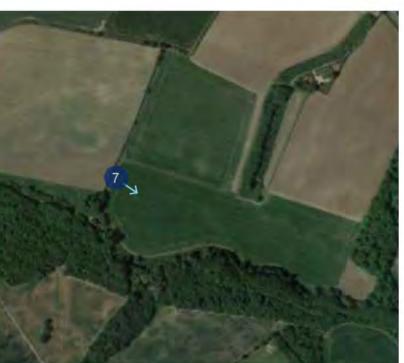




This viewpoint represents views of ramblers on a PRoW to the north-west of the Site. The view is enclosed by the dense tree belt in the background, which screens views of the Site and the Babraham Research Campus, although glimpses of the existing built form could occur during wintertime. The view is very verdant and the skyline is defined by the tree canopies.			
EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	Value - The view is rather verdant and pleasing, representing the distinctive, intimate river landscape. The value is considered high.	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are engaging in a recreational activity that includes appreciation for the contextual landscape. Susceptibility to change is considered high .	HIGH
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW	expected through the dense vegetation. However, the teed skyline.	nplete screening during summer and substantial screening it is likely that flues associated to the development to the no features, the view is largely considered unchanged and will	orth of the Site would visible over

Visualisation Type 1 Planar Image Enlargement: 100% @ A3 Horizontal Field of View: 39.6° Grid coordinates: 0°11'21.49"E, 52° 8'25.17"N Elevation: 22m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: South-East Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 909m Weather: Overcast Date: 20.05.2021 Time: 14:34

Taken by: Martina Sechi







This viewpoint represents views of residents and road users on the eastern edge of Site appears largely screened by the intervening vegetation, although the backgrou by views of the buildings within the Babraham Research Campus. Notwithstanding influence on an otherwise agricultural, open landscape, the view is substantially very typical wooded skyline.		egetation, although the background is punctuated earch Campus. Notwithstanding the urbanising	
EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	Value - The view, despite the scattered built form, represents the open Green Belt landscape and some distinctive features, namely woodland blocks and the wooded skyline. The value of the view is considered high.	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are road users on a secondary road, while most would not focus on the contextual landscape, cyclist are more likely to engage with their surroundings. Susceptibility to change is considered medium .	HIGH-MEDIUM
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW	of the Site is not expected to be visible in the view.	vening vegetation and topography, proposed developm However, glimpses of the roof and flues are likely to be ed urban character which would otherwise adversely eff	e noticed during winter. The existing

Visualisation Type 1 Planar Image Enlargement: 100% @ A3 Horizontal Field of View: 39.6° Grid coordinates: 0°11'11.42"E, 52° 7'43.50"N Elevation: 27m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: North-East Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 1,263m Weather: Overcast Date: 20.05.2021 Time: 15:13

Taken by: Martina Sechi



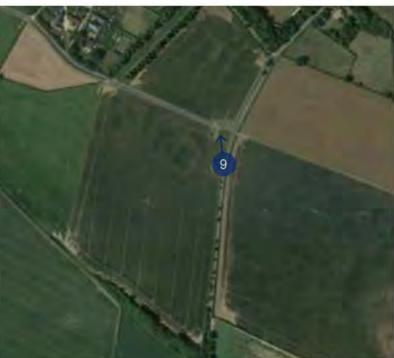




EXISTING VIEW/SENSITIVITY	The viewpoint represents views experienced by road users approaching Babraham village from the south. The Site is screened by the intervening vegetation, however, during winter months, glimpses of the existing Babraham Campus built form are plausible. The view is typically rural with a secondary road dissecting the agricultural fields. The tree avenue to the left of the view generates at Babraham Hall, while to the right is an informal woodland block. The mature vegetation encloses the fields limiting the field of view and creating a green skyline.		HIGH-MEDIUM
	Value - The view represents the open Green Belt landscape and includes some distinctive features, namely Babraham Hall tree avenue and the wooded skyline. The value of the view is considered high .	Susceptibility - The receptors represented by the viewpoint are road users on a secondary road, while most would not focus on the contextual landscape, cyclist are more likely to engage with their surroundings. Susceptibility to change is considered medium .	
POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE VIEW		vening vegetation. As this consists if several layers of to s are not expected to break the wooded skyline as the p	

Visualisation Type 1 Planar Image Enlargement: 100% @ A3 Horizontal Field of View: 39.6° Grid coordinates: 0°12'2.66"E, 52° 7'34.44"N Elevation: 34m AOD Camera: Canon EOS 6D Mark II Lens: Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 STM Direction of view: North Distance from Site (closer Site boundary): 1,263m Weather: Sunny Date: 09.08.2021 Time: 15:47

Taken by: Martina Sechi







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